

The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

Report commissioned by Microsoft and conducted by EY



Table of Contents

- 3 Executive summary
- 5 Sustainability trends in government
- 13 A new digital and sustainability framework
- 19 How digital approaches can unlock a twin transition
- 26 Key factors for using digital approaches in public sector sustainability

Disclaimer

©2021 Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

This report has been prepared by Ernst & Young LLP in accordance with an engagement agreement for professional services with Microsoft. Ernst & Young LLP's obligations to Microsoft are governed by that engagement agreement. This disclaimer applies to all other parties. This report has been prepared for general informational purposes only and is not intended to be relied upon as accounting, tax, or other professional advice. Refer to your advisors for specific advice. Ernst & Young LLP and Microsoft accept no responsibility to update this report in light of subsequent events or for any other reason.

This report does not constitute a recommendation or endorsement by Ernst & Young LLP or Microsoft to invest in, sell, or otherwise use any of the markets or companies referred to in it. To the fullest extent permitted by law, Microsoft and Ernst & Young LLP and its members, employees and agents, do not accept or assume any responsibility or liability in respect of this report, or decisions based on it, to any reader of the report. Should such readers choose to rely on this report, then they do so at their own risk. Some examples are for illustration only and are fictitious. No real association is intended or inferred.

This report does not provide you with any legal rights to any intellectual property in any Microsoft product. You may copy and use this report for your internal, reference purposes.

Executive summary

Executive summary

Governments across the world are at a pivotal moment for tackling urgent sustainability challenges, such as climate change and biodiversity loss. Public sector actions taken today can mitigate our impact on people and the planet creating a more sustainable path forward to protect lives and livelihoods. Using digital approaches and emerging technology solutions can help accelerate public sector sustainability journeys while simultaneously creating more responsive, intelligent and inclusive governments. Through consultations with public sector stakeholders and technology experts across 12 countries, Microsoft and EY developed a digital sustainability framework to assess public sector sustainability and digital capabilities. It provides a high-level overview of the dimensions and performance indicators associated with public sector sustainable development.

Sustainability trends in government

The sustainability imperative for the public sector

The public sector is at a critical moment for addressing climate change and achieving environmental sustainability. In the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, governments across the world are strengthening their commitments for environmental sustainability with a renewed sense of purpose. But with limited time remaining to stabilize the planet's climate and better manage natural resources, governments must accelerate the transition toward a more sustainable and inclusive future.

The impact of the pandemic has underscored the importance of resiliency for governments in face of unexpected shocks and stresses. But it has also proven the transformative role of digital technologies in helping the public sector solve urgent governance challenges and remain resilient during a crisis.

Assessing the public sector sustainability challenge

The scope and urgency of this challenge are immense. According to the World Meteorological Organization, 2020 was the third hottest year on record and saw average global temperatures increase to 1.2°C above preindustrial levels.¹ Rising temperatures and the changing climate are exacerbating the frequency and severity of natural disasters and extreme weather, which displace more than 20 million people from their homes worldwide annually.²

To protect people and the planet, governments have recognized the need to rapidly reduce greenhouse gas emissions in order to keep global warming to 1.5°C above preindustrial levels.³ As of March 2021, 124 national governments have announced netzero carbon emissions pledges, with hundreds of municipalities, cities and regional governments making similar carbon neutral commitments by 2050.⁴ The public sector will play a central role for realizing these ambitions by setting concrete targets and clear measures of success, as well as mobilizing resources, investments and capabilities.

Governments must also "walk-the-talk" by improving their own environmental footprints. From greening government buildings through energy-efficiency improvements to electrifying public vehicle fleets, there is growing momentum by governments to track and reduce the climate impacts of their own operations. One of the largest opportunities for the public sector is to include environmental and social criteria when purchasing goods and services. For instance, more than 250,000 public entities in the EU spend around €2 trillion in procurement purchases annually allowing governments to set new standards for the promotion of sustainable consumption and production practices.⁵

². https://media.ifrc.org/ifrc/wp-content/uploads/2020/11/20201116_WorldDisasters_Full.pdf

⁴. https://eciu.net/analysis/reports/2021/taking-stock-assessment-net-zero-targets

⁵. https://ec.europa.eu/growth/single-market/public-procurement_en



^{6 |} The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

¹. https://library.wmo.int/index.php?lvl=notice_display&id=21880#.YJCySsCSk2y

³. https://www.ipcc.ch/2018/10/08/summary-for-policymakers-of-ipcc-special-report-on-global-warming-of-1-5c-approved-by-governments/

The twin transition will reinforce sustainability with technology, and enable sustainable digital transformation

Governments can harness the power of digital technologies and data to enable their sustainability journeys. For example, digital simulation tools are helping Australian public authorities better predict bushfires and inform disaster mitigation plans.⁶ Smart sensors in water pipes and meters are aiding cities worldwide better manage water usage by tracking daily consumption patterns and optimizing maintenance schedules.⁷ And advances in cloud analytics and the Internet of Things (IoT) now allow local government staff to visualize severe weather in real-time and predict their impact on demand for public services.⁸

Digital technologies can also help governments take responsibility for managing the environmental and climate impacts of public sector operations. For instance, sustainability impact assessments and dashboards, such as Microsoft's Sustainability Calculator, allow public entities to better understand the carbon footprints associated with cloud services and related technologies.⁹

Despite these advances, public sector digital transformation strategies have been decoupled from sustainability initiatives. While this increases the ability of governments to address discrete environmental problems through better analytics, it prevents many leaders from viewing sustainability and technology transformations as an integrated solution.

	In the public sector, digital transformation can help drive progress on environmental sustainability through:
How does a digital	Intelligent and proactive sustainable decision-makingMeasurable goals and forward thinking
government become	 Greater transparency in supply chains and procurement decisions More channels for citizen engagement and policy co-creation
a more sustainable one?	 Open data sharing between public agencies, academic partners, and private sector to find innovative solutions
oner	 Improved energy efficiencies from existing technologies, better resource consumption and waste management
	 Deeper understanding of climate impacts across the entire ecosystem

As governments seek to develop more sustainable and digital policies and operations, they need a greater understanding of the opportunities and risks facing the public sector.

⁶. https://www.csiro.au/en/news/news-releases/2021/bushfire-prediction-tech-to-bolster-emergency-response-efforts

⁷. https://datasmart.ash.harvard.edu/news/article/come-drought-or-high-water-728

⁸. https://cloudblogs.microsoft.com/industry-blog/government/2020/08/25/how-cloud-analytics-can-drive-digital-transformation-in-government/

^{9.} https://www.microsoft.com/en-us/sustainability/sustainability-guide/sustainability-calculator?activetab=pivot_1:primaryr2

Governments face multiple challenges in realizing a twin transition

While digital technologies offer tremendous potential for accelerating environmental goals, governments must first overcome several challenges in their sustainability journeys:



Meeting rising public expectations to tackle climate change. Government leaders face growing public recognition that climate change and sustainability are urgent priorities.

According to a UNDP-Oxford 2020 Survey, 64% of people across 50 countries characterized climate change as an emergency for governments to address.¹⁰ More than half called for more public sector action to conserve forests and land, accelerate renewable energy sources,

enhance climate-friendly agriculture techniques, and invest more in green

64%

of people across 50 countries characterized climate change as an emergency



businesses and jobs.

Realizing digital aspirations while addressing skills gaps and mistrust. A recent EY study¹¹ found broad appeal among citizens across 12 countries for greater digitalization of public services, but linking sustainability and digital agendas will require public sector leaders doing more to address public concerns over skills gaps and privacy of personal data.



Elevating senior leaders as digital and sustainability change agents. According to a recent Microsoft and EY study on the role of artificial intelligence (AI) in the public sector, the most transformative public entities had strong commitment from leadership across all levels of the organization, who were able to identify the right skills and structures needed to scale the use of AI.¹²

Given the complexity of a twin transition, leadership is key to breakdown organizational siloes and elevate the role of sustainability with government departments.

¹². https://info.microsoft.com/WE-DTGOV-CNTNT-FY21-09Sep-22-ArtificialIntelligenceinthePublicSector-SRGCM3835_01Registration-ForminBody.html



¹⁰. https://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home/librarypage/climate-and-disaster-resilience-/The-Peoples-Climate-Vote-Results.html

¹¹. https://www.ey.com/en_gl/government-public-sector/how-can-digital-government-connect-citizens-without-leaving-the-disconnect-ed-behind



Increasing the capacity of public sector entities to share environmental data and expertise. Establishing common standards and integrated platforms to enable data sharing can help enable governments to understand current

challenges and develop potential solutions. As of October 2019, only 23% of environmentally-related targets in the UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) had sufficient data to assess progress according to the United Nations Environment Programme (UNEP).¹³ And more than 30% of climaterelated indicators lacked consensus for a consistent methodology and set of data sources for tracking.

23% of environmentally related

UN SDG targets have enough data to assess progress



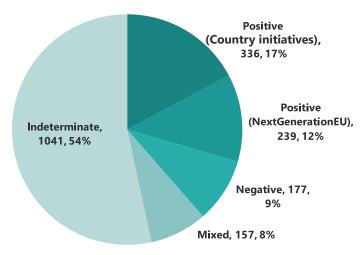
Matching green and digital ambitions with appropriate investment. The public sector can only make an environmentally sustainable and digital transition by aligning recovery spending with initiatives that will have positive impact on the environment. If positive action on climate change is cancelled out by investments in carbon-intensive industries and technologies, this can derail the overall twin transition.

¹³. https://wedocs.unep.org/handle/20.500.11822/27627



Seizing the opportunity for a green and digital recovery

Funding allocated to recovery measures by environmental impact (US\$ billion)



Note: NextGenerationEU refers to the climate mandate of the European Commission's recovery fund where a minimum of 37% of funds is allocated to support the green transition. The amount is shown separately to other environmentally positive measures because individual plans by members states were still being formulated at the time of data collection.

Source: OECD Green Recovery Database (2021)

At the forefront is the European Union's €750 billion recovery plan, NextGenerationEU (NGEU), which mandates that 37% of funds is allocated to support the green transition and 20% of spending be earmarked for digital initiatives. This aims to accelerate progress toward a zero-carbon, zero-waste economy in line with the twin transition of Europe's Green Deal. This includes increased investments in promoting technologies such as artificial intelligence to better manage waste and accelerate a circular economy through programs like ReCirCE and K-Project.¹⁵

Supporting these investments are new agreements to strengthen cooperation such as the "A Green and Digital Transformation in the EU" around digital technological development across the region.¹⁶

As governments formulate long-term planning following the pandemic, we find a growing number of countries dismantling siloed thinking in favor of an integrated green and digital recovery. According to the OECD's Green Recovery Database, 29% of the nearly US\$2 trillion in long-term recovery spending has been allocated to green measures as of February 2021.¹⁴ So far, the amount of spending that will likely have a positive impact on the environment closely matches spending with a negative or mixed effect.

However, taking in account recent announcements of green recovery spending by individual European Union Member States and the United States will likely tip the scale in favour of environmentally sustainable spending.

37%

of the European Union's recovery funding mandated to support the green transition

As individual EU Member States formulate their own recovery plans, increased funding has been allocated for climate- and digitally-relevant initiatives. Italy, for example, aims to spend more than 40% of more than €222 billion in recovery spending on a "green revolution and ecological transition" and infrastructure investments for sustainable mobility. Digital initiatives will constitute 25% of the plan. Its plan includes funding to digitalize logistics and accelerate a circular economy by recycling 65% of plastic waste and 100% in textiles. These complement investments in dozens of other projects ranging from building charging stations for electric vehicles to smart grid improvements.¹⁷

¹⁴. https://www.oecd.org/coronavirus/en/themes/green-recovery

¹⁵. https://ec.europa.eu/environment/ecoap/about-eco-innovation/policies-matters/green-and-digital-twin-transition-also-spurs-inclusive-eco_en

¹⁶. https://digital-strategy.ec.europa.eu/en/news/eu-countries-commit-leading-green-digital-transformation

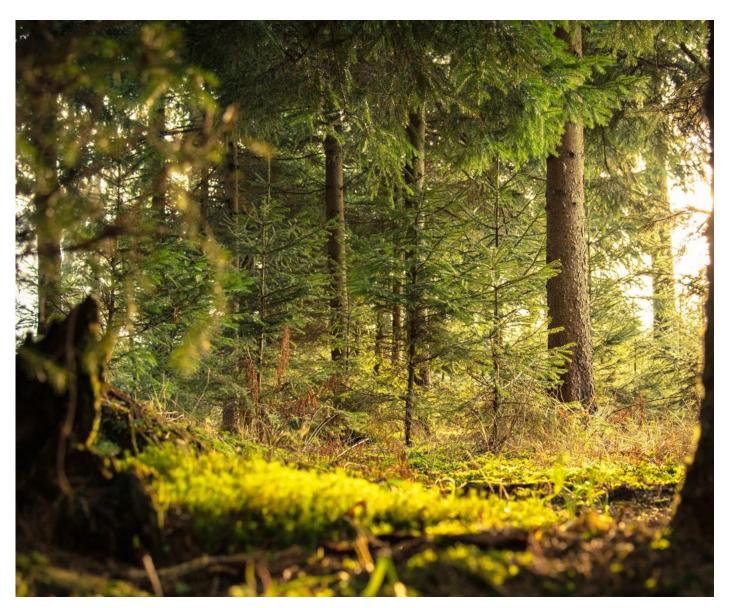
¹⁷. https://www.governo.it/sites/governo.it/files/PNRR_RiformeInvestimentiMissioni.pdf

Beyond Europe, South Korea has formulated an ambitious set of nearly US\$200 billion in recovery plans. They include US\$63 billion in green funding for smart grids and infrastructure for electric vehicles. Also included are circular economy initiatives, such as reducing and re-using energy in factories, carbon capture and storage, and re-using industrial materials.¹⁸ Supporting new green digital solutions is also a key part of Singapore's Green Plan 2030 and the S\$1 billion investment fund to accelerate the adoption of digital solutions and new technologies.¹⁹ Finally, with a US\$2.3 trillion proposed infrastructure and jobs plan, the United States aims to accelerate progress on environmental sustainability through clean infrastructure investments, research and technology innovations, and green skills development.²⁰ Among other initiatives, the plan calls for US\$35 billion to be channeled into research for climate technology innovations and an additional US\$15 billion to fuel development around energy storage and hydrogen.

By channeling public investments effectively toward a twin transition, the public sector can accelerate progress on their sustainability journeys.

¹⁹. https://www.greenplan.gov.sg/

²⁰. https://www.whitehouse.gov/briefing-room/statements-releases/2021/03/31/fact-sheet-the-american-jobs-plan/



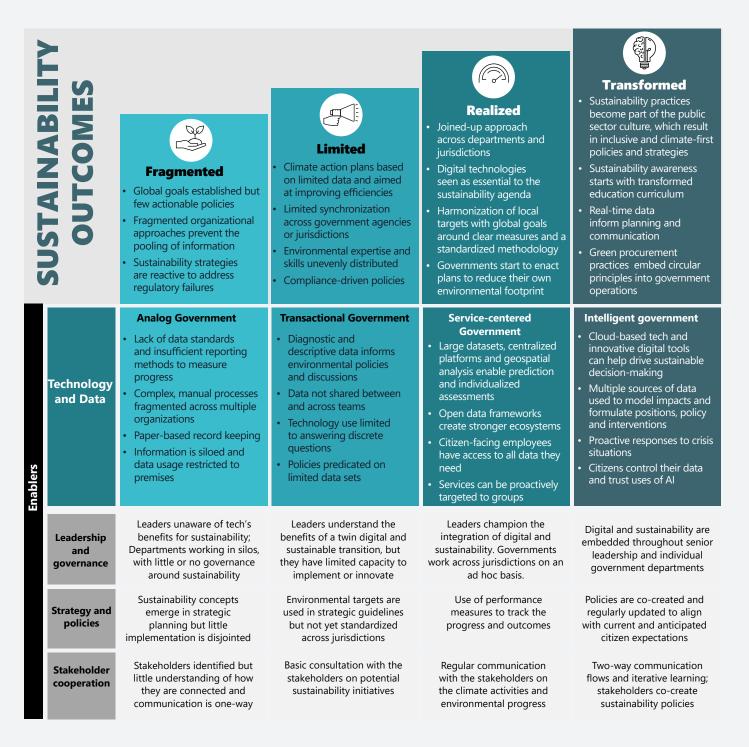
Leading environmental initiatives in existing recovery packages

 Canada Canada Launched 'A Healthy Economy' recovery pian worth more than US\$117 billion in funding for incentives for zero- emissions vehicles, renevables and green communities as well as US\$4.7 billion to invest in clean infrastructure. Brazil's recovery package includes sustainable energy target of 45% by 2030 and funding for well energy infrastructure. Colombia' Compromiso por el future' provides US\$26 million for sustainable initiatives, including a proportion devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion funding a proportion devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion funding a proportion devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion for devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion for devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion for devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mexico has enacted US\$28 billion for devoted to expanding Mexico Cry's bicycling infrastructure. Mis National Plan of Recovery and Resilience, Italy anonuced US\$200 fillion across the two pillars - Green revolution and tecological transition and litrastructure for sustainable environment and file covery and Resilience, Italy anonuced US\$200 fillion across the two pillars - Green revolution and tecological transition and litrastructure for sustainable environment and mexilicate for sustainable environment and mexilicate for sustainable environment and environment and mexilicate pillars - Green revolution and tecological transition and litrastructure for sustainable environment and the for sustainable environment and the sustainable environment and the sustainable environment and thearevolution and tecological transition and litrastructure for s

A new digital and sustainability framework

By integrating digital and green initiatives, the public sector can enable a twin sustainability transition

Achieving progress on environmental sustainability is an evolutionary journey through investments in technology and data, leadership, inter-governmental collaboration, and stakeholder buy-in. Based on consultations with public sector stakeholders, and sustainability and technology experts across 12 countries, we identified four stages of digital sustainability. These stages act as a diagnostic framework to describe the progress from a fragmented approach among different government departments to an intelligent, digital government where sustainability has been internalized as part of its organizational culture.



A connected approach between sustainability and digital transformation can enable cross-government synergies

Fragmented Climate agreement, governments in this phase have started to see ambitious targets. However, many governments still struggle with developing detailed action plans. There is a lack of standardization for incorporating climate and environmental risks into strategic planning, and governmental action is tied to addressing regulatory failures and disaster resport rather than proactive resilience and adaption planning. Many policies are still in inception phases and there is a failure to find the sector of the		DIGITAL AND		
		Fragmented	There is a lack of standardization for incorporating climate and environmental risks into strategic planning, and governmental action is tied to addressing regulatory failures and disaster response	
resource needs. To this end, we see some governments developing	verview	view	but innovation is piecemeal and there are pockets of excellence	
Realized In the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic, many governments are aiming to reach this phase by putting sustainability and digital transformation at the center of an inclusive economic recovery. In this stage, governments have established a joined-up approach around sustainability linking across government agencies and between central and local governments.		Realized	aiming to reach this phase by putting sustainability and digital transformation at the center of an inclusive economic recovery. In this stage, governments have established a joined-up approach around sustainability linking across government agencies and	
Transformed Sustainability concepts are embedded within government departments and a culture of sustainability emerges across its core services and across stakeholders. This results in inclusive and climate-first policymaking.		Transformed	departments and a culture of sustainability emerges across its core services and across stakeholders. This results in inclusive and	

Digital approaches have the potential to generate progress on global sustainability goals

ΤΟΡΙϹ		USTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK
	DIGITAL AND S	
	Fragmented	Analog Government. Insufficient data and reporting standards hamper abilities to leverage technological innovations. There are few channels toward sharing usable data across departments or jurisdictions. There is a lack of awareness for a joined-up approach for addressing sustainability challenges, and talent strategies do not yet prioritize the need for scientific and technical skills in recruitment and retention drives.
	Limited	Transactional Government. Increasing use of data and evidence in making sustainability decisions, but governments primarily use data for diagnostic and descriptive purposes. Reports are increasing digitized, but the information remains siloed and restricted as it must be used on premises. There is limited ability to pull the data together to make forecasts and predictions.
Technology and data	Realized	<i>Service-centered Government.</i> National and local sustainability targets are harmonized with global standards. Data and governance move from diagnostic analysis to prediction and forecasting, involving the use of large datasets, centralized platforms and geospatial analysis.
		Intelligent Government. Digital technologies allow governments to better understand behaviors associated with environmental degradation and offer interventions to drive more sustainable choices. Technology and local knowledge act as one in helping drive more sustainable consumption patterns.
	Transformed	Smart technologies meet smart controls for monitoring emissions and impacts allowing governments to predict and make intelligent decisions. Cloud-based technologies enable secure data storage and seamless interactions to drive sustainable decisions across governments, the private sector, civil society and ordinary citizens.
		Real-time data and sophisticated analytical tools inform sustainable development planning.

But this requires commitment by senior leadership and resources to back up their ambition

100	100 mar 100		
TOPIC	DIGITAL AND SUSTAINABILITY FRAMEWORK		
	Fragmented	Senior leaders are largely unaware of their organization's own environmental footprint and have little information on leveraging digital technologies to address their sustainability challenges.	
Leadership	Limited	Some communication by leadership of the benefits of digital approaches but tactical plans to get there are unclear. Limited awareness of the climate impacts of the government's own operations.	
and governance	Realized	Senior leaders begin to champion digital technologies' role in enabling sustainable development. Plans emerge to determine government's own environmental footprint.	
	Transformed	Senior leaders are engaged in the overall planning and implementation of green technologies. They play a key role in communicating the benefits and a vision for government's sustainability journey. Governments are able to "walk-the-talk" by adopting proactive policies to counter the environmental impacts of their own operations.	
Green budget,	Fragmented	There is limited public financing for long-term sustainability strategies and budgets are skewed toward disaster response rather addressing climate change and improving environmental protection.	
	Limited	Standardized concepts and reporting around sustainability have yet to be brought into budgetary decisions, with each department developing different measures. Growing use of monitoring tools and impact assessments in climate-related policies, but there remains a lack of a standardized framework and tools.	
finance and procurement	Realized	Green public procurement practices leverage digital approaches to increase transparency and sustainable production and consumption of goods and services Open data and integrated systems allow governments across different jurisdictions to share data through two-way flows locally, regionally, and internationally.	
	Transformed	Green public procurement practices embed circular principles with digital and sustainability tools working as one. Open data and integrated systems allow governments across different jurisdictions .	

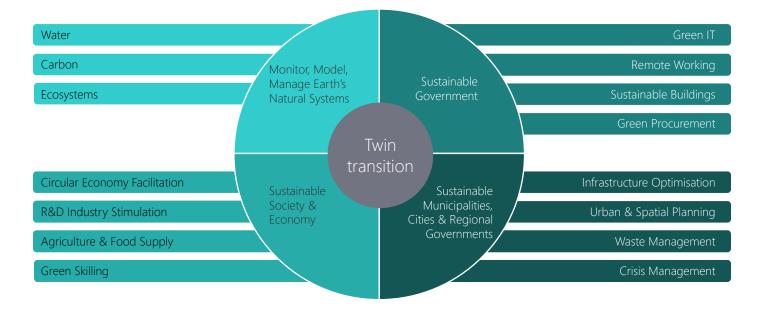
Leveraging stakeholders throughout the entire ecosystem can help build a culture of sustainability across the public sector

TOPIC			
	Fragmented	There is a lack of coordination between governments, private sector, and civil society organizations around sustainability issues. Communication is limited and hierarchical structures prevent the synergies and co-creation of policies.	
	Limited	Governments start to partner with private sector around sustainability and digital projects, but public-private partnerships are limited. Communication with civil society organizations are largely one-way and top-down.	
Stakeholder collaboration	Realized	Nascent open data frameworks help enlarge the sustainability ecosystem, with citizen scientists, academic research institutions and NGOs. Consultation with a wider set of stakeholders, which becomes more personalized including everyday citizens through listening sessions, private sector industry, and academic researchers.	
	Transformed	Climate action is integrated within school curriculum and the use of digital tools (e.g., gamification) helps encourage sustainability awareness at a young age. Policies are co-created and monitored across the entire ecosystem with agile methods for communication and reporting.	

How digital approaches can unlock a twin transition

How digital approaches can unlock a twin transition

By having a greater understanding of the digital sustainability framework, public entities can start to determine the resources and capabilities required to succeed in their sustainability journeys. It can also be helpful in providing pathways to enable sustainable development in four key areas: sustainable society and economy; sustainable municipalities, cities and regional governments; monitoring, modelling and managing the Earth's natural system; and sustainable government.





Sustainable Municipalities, Cities & Regional Governments

Sustainable Municipalities, Cities & Regional Governments		
Infrastructure Optimisation	Waste Management	
Process & Services Optimisation	Waste Collection Optimization	
Asset Management	Pollution detection &	
Predictive Maintenance	recycling compliance management	
Smart Streetlights	Crisis Management	
Urban & Spatial Planning	Early Warning System	
Digital twin	Coordinated Response	
	Mass Communication	

Key Digital Enablers

While cities constitute only about 2% of the planet's surface, they consume more than 75% of all energy and produce more than 70% of global carbon emissions.²¹ Faced with shifting demographics and increasing citizen expectations for healthier and more livable cities, governments are seeking smart solutions to better manage resources, improve city resident wellbeing, and foster sustainable and inclusive economic growth.

Digitalization offers unique opportunities for cities in saving energy and resources; targeting and providing more efficient access to public service; lengthening the lifespan of infrastructure through predictive maintenance; optimizing the supply of electricity and water usage; improving municipal governance

through new channels of participatory city planning; and enabling citizen-centric urban redesign and planning. For example, the City of Edinburgh connected the city's 64,000 streetlights under a centralized system, which is projected to reduce energy consumption by upwards of 60% and expenditure by £54 million in the next 20 years.²²

And as resilience gains importance for cities during the recovery, digital twins – or digital representations of real-world urban environments through sensors and data²³ – have been a powerful tool to better manage urban grids, transportation networks, water and flood management, carbon emissions, and entire city ecosystems. For instance, Singapore has launched a US\$73 million Virtual Singapore project to strengthen the city-state's resilience by optimizing energy networks and improving disaster management planning from rising sea levels.²⁴

Finally, cities are leading the way in encouraging an equitable, sustainable and digital recovery with prominent initiatives such as the "C40 Mayors Agenda for a Green and Just Recovery" focusing on green jobs, resilience, equity and well-being. These initiatives can help accelerate progress by providing common frameworks and digital learnings from one another.

Data Management Framework Enables City Climate Action

The C40 recognized that many cities lacked high-quality climate data to develop comprehensive climate action plans. The C40 and EY developed a <u>Data Management Framework</u> focusing on strategy, quality, leadership, technology, and data-usage. The result was a detailed guide to advance their climate plans with better and consistent use of climate-related data.

Source: C40/EY

²¹. https://www.un.org/en/climatechange/climate-solutions/cities-pollution#:~:text=Cities%20are%20major%20contributors%20to,cent%20 of%20the%20Earth's%20surface ; https://www.c40.org/ending-climate-change-begins-in-the-city

²². https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s12652-021-02970-y

²³. https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/internet-of-things/smart-cities-ontology-for-digital-twins/ba-p/2166585

²⁴. https://www.govtech.com/smart-cities/digital-twin-technology-can-make-smart-cities-even-smarter.html

^{21 |} The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

Sustainable Government

Sustainable Government		
Green IT	Sustainable Buildings	
Sustainability Calculator	Energy Management	
Remote Working	Water Efficiency	
Collaboration & Productivity Tools	Air Quality	
Virtual Desktop	Green Procurement	
	Impact Analysis	
	Supply Chain Transparency	

Key Digital Enablers

A successful transformation for governments requires the public sector to embrace sustainability by reducing their own carbon footprints. This can be achieved through new ways of working, energy-efficient buildings, sustainable IT standards, and green public procurement policies. Governments as large holders of real estate contribute to significant share of global greenhouse gases when considering the entire building sector accounts for more than a third of global energy consumption and more than half of global electricity demand.²⁵ For example, advances in real-time monitoring of energy usage in public buildings have help the City of Boston save an estimated US\$1 million in energy costs annually.²⁶

In the US, nearly a third of all public sector employees continue to work from home full-time compared to less than 4% prior to the pandemic.²⁷ The sudden shift toward remote work translates into less commuting and a considerable reduction in vehicle emissions, but its long-term viability is only possible when technologies strengthen productivity and teaming throughout government agencies. For instance, Microsoft teams were able to enable remote work for the City of Corona, California in 72 hours by migrating its existing infrastructure to Microsoft Azure Government. The move saved 5,952 hours in lost productivity and more than US\$712,500 in new computing equipment.²⁸

Digitalization can also help enable more sustainable IT and procurement decisions. This is important because the IT industry is expected to account for 20% of the world's electricity by 2025.²⁹ As a foundational step, governments need to know the impact of IT purchases and can leverage carbon footprint calculators such as Microsoft's Sustainability Calculator. Digital solutions can also better track green procurement decisions by unlocking the value of data and gaining real-time visibility into government supply chains. Germany has introduced a "Digital Product Passport" to help standardize data on the individual components of specific products to help enable better procurement decisions.³⁰

Sensors and predictive analytics help reduce energy use in government buildings in Singapore

Singapore's government agency JTC has played a critical role in developing industrial landscape in the country. Inspired by Microsoft's campus in Redmond, US, JTC decided to become more sustainable by using data sensors and predictive analytics to reduce energy use across all its 39 buildings and increase productivity by decreasing down time.

²⁵. https://www.iea.org/reports/digitalisation-and-energy

²⁶. https://www.smartcitiesworld.net/news/news/boston-ranked-top-for-energy-efficiency-4418

²⁷. https://www.bls.gov/cps/effects-of-the-coronavirus-covid-19-pandemic.htm

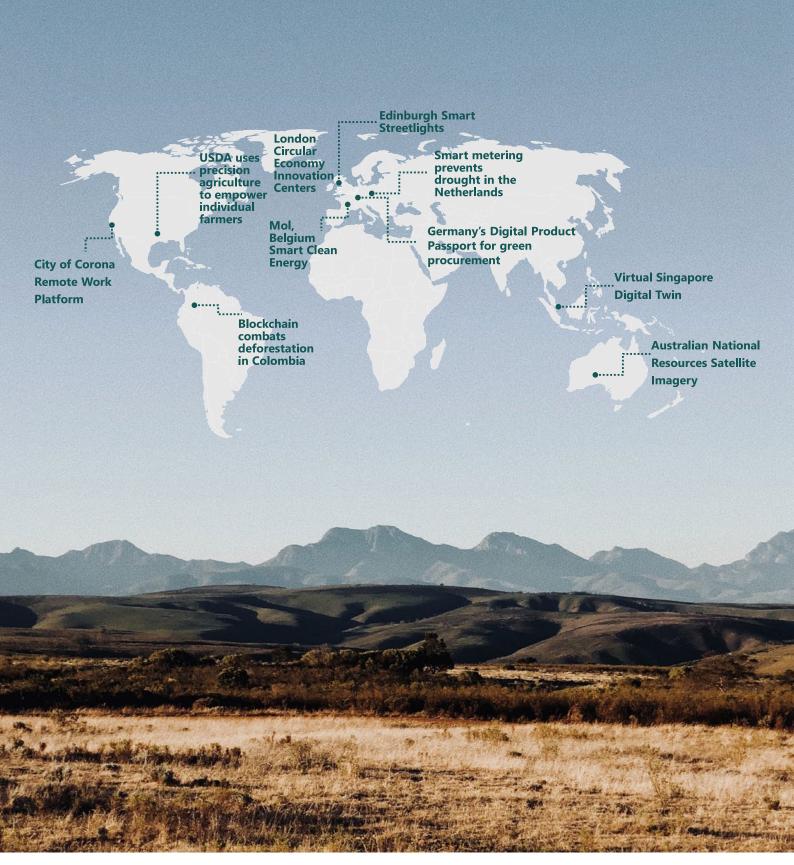
²⁸. https://customers.microsoft.com/en-US/story/850777-city-of-corona-government-windows-virtual-desktop

²⁹. https://www.uncclearn.org/wp-content/uploads/library/19-00405e-turning-digital-technology-innovation.pdf

³⁰. https://www.bmu.de/en/service/haeufige-fragen-faq/details-cluster/bmu-digital-policy-agenda-for-the-environment-digital-product-passport/

^{22 |} The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

Initiatives accelerating the twin transition across the world



Monitor, Model, and Manage Earth's Natural System

Monitor, Model, Manage (MMM) Earth's Natural Systems

Water	Ecosystems	Climate
Interactive Demand Management	Biodiversity hotspots MMM	Carbon Footprint tracking & reporting
Customer Engagement	Climate & human behaviour impact analysis	Weather & Climate MMM
E-invoicing	Species MMM	Climate disaster impact predictions & assessments
Water Usage MMM	Camera and satellite	Clean Energy
Water Quality	image analytics	Customer Engagement
-	Sound analytics	E-invoicing
Realtime remote monitoring	Habitat MMM	Energy distribution optimisation
Water Supply	Land cover mapping &	Renewable Energy Credits
Leakage detection	optimisation	Demand & supply Forecast
5	Forest MMM	Hydrogen Energy MMM
Infrastructure Optimisation	Situational Awareness &	Intermodal Mobility
Flood Protection Impact Analysis		Incentivising sustainable MaaS
Flood & Impact Predictions	IoT, Data Collaboration, AI & ML,	Traffic Optimisation
Infrastructure Ontimication	Planetary Computer, Super Computing, geospatial analytics	Machine-to-Machine exchange
Infrastructure Optimisation		EV Charging
Key Digital Enablers		Air Quality MMM

Digital innovations have the potential to transform how governments will deliver upon global goals to protect the planet and enable a transition toward net-zero carbon emissions. This potential is beginning to be shown through better management of waterways and oceans, better protection of natural ecosystems, and better investments in technologies to permanently remove greenhouse gases.

Technology is also demonstrating opportunities to better manage the supply and demand of water resources. E-invoicing and two-way communication platforms have help tailor services to the specific

needs of customers and change behaviors toward greater conservation. Smart water metering has improved the performance of water infrastructure and helping to alleviate droughts and water shortages. Natural Resource Access Regulator (NRAR), Australia, is using satellite imagery to monitor water flows and water extraction in detail enabling it to investigate on-farm storages and floodplain harvesting.³¹

There are many other digital applications to identify and prevent biodiversity and habitat loss, from identifying illegal fishing through underwater camera technologies and sensors to leveraging blockchain to ensure that milk is not sourced from farms using deforested land in Colombia.

Some of the boldest decarbonization efforts come from clean energy and transport initiatives enabled by technology. For example, Microsoft's FLEX harvester helped the city of Mol in Belgium maximize renewable heating from sustainable sources by using wireless indoor environmental sensors throughout 40 buildings.³² The integration of renewable energy with mobility transformations also promises to galvanize climate progress with the acceleration of electric, connected and autonomous vehicles.

Smart metering and IoT help counter a drought in the Netherlands

The Netherlands has encountered a persistent water shortage from climate change. The Dutch utility PWN leveraged IoT technology to fight the problem and helped connect usage demand to individual customer data. They then moved the system to the cloud for better optimization of water usage. The result was more sustainable high-quality water and drought alleviation for more than 1.5 million residents.

³². https://flexharvester.vito.be/en

³¹. https://www.abc.net.au/news/rural/2021-02-05/watchdog-watching-for-illegal-water-take-using-satellites/13099060

^{24 |} The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

Sustainable Society and Economy

Sustainable Society & Economy

Circular Economy Facilitation

Peer-to-peer industry platforms Lifecycle Transparency

R&D and market investments stimulation
Grants Management
Impact & Risk Assessments
Scientific Literature Review
Agriculture & Food supply
Supply Chain Transparency
Food Waste & Shortage MMM
Crop & precision agri recommendations
Green Skilling
Digital Skills 4 Green
Skills Gap Analysis
Learning Management System

Key Digital Enablers

A public sector green transformation is only possible by connecting environmental sustainability with sustainable socioeconomic transformations. For example, improving access to education can help drive a wide array sustainable development outcomes. The Malala Fund estimates that improving access to education for young women to 70% could reduce disaster-related deaths by 60% by 2050.³³

Another key pathway toward a sustainable and inclusive economy is the improvement of sustainable consumption and production practices. Digitally-enabled circular economies involves comprehensive monitoring of climate-related impacts by governments using sensors, predictive analytics, and big data that go beyond recycling analytics. For instance, the UK government allocated £22.5 million in funding for new circular economy innovation centers to help design technology solutions to tackle waste.³⁴

Precision agriculture and predictive analytics is another channel for promoting a sustainable economy by enabling sustainable farming and securing the food supply. These technologies combine diverse data sources including weather, soil information and historical crop yields to help prepare farmers and governments a better sustainable of how climate change will impact agriculture.³⁵

Finally, a sustainable economy will ensure that no one is left behind in a green transition. In 2019, the ILO estimated that more than 70% of the jobs lost from a renewable energy transition would need some form of reskilling to meet future ways of working.³⁶ For example, the UK energy company, Drax, announced an initiative to improve the skills of one million people by 2025 in order to enable a workforce with the skills to manage the digital technologies necessary for decarbonization.³⁷

Precision agriculture helps the USDA empower individual farmers with more sustainable practices

Small farmers often lack data and analytics to understand changes in crop and soil conditions. Microsoft partnered with the US Department of Agriculture (USDA) to leverage AI and better data for the prevention of soil erosion, better management of water and pest control.

³³. https://www.project-syndicate.org/commentary/climate-change-forcing-children-out-of-school-by-yasmine-sherif-2021-04

³⁴. https://www.gov.uk/government/news/225-million-funding-to-turn-industry-waste-into-environmental-wins

³⁵. https://blogs.microsoft.com/on-the-issues/2019/07/23/ag-analytics-helps-farmers-and-researchers-use-ai-to-prepare-for-climatechange/

³⁶. https://www.ilo.org/wcmsp5/groups/public/---ed_emp/documents/publication/wcms_732214.pdf

³⁷. https://www.climateaction.org/news/drax-launches-initiative-to-improve-green-skills-for-a-million-people

Key factors for using digital approaches in public sector sustainability

Key factors for using digital approaches in public sector sustainability

As the world faces a "make-or-break year" to confront the global environmental emergency, technology and data are critical enablers for limiting global warming and accelerating progress on sustainability. To help fully realize this ambition, we find four factors for supporting governments on their sustainability journeys:

Emphasize common digital and sustainability standards and reporting frameworks

Sustainability is the responsibility of every public sector agency, and the need to integrate sustainability into pre-existing models is key. Digital and sustainability standards and reporting frameworks must therefore rapidly improve to progress alongside the equally rapidly developing green public policies around the world (e.g., EU Green Deal and NextGenerationEU). Common standards and frameworks can provide relevant, faithful, comparable and reliable information, such as goals and targets, enabling governments to better improve sustainability performance and dismantling organizational siloes by accelerating whole-of-government digital transformations.

Create digital partnerships that encourage innovation and cross-sector collaboration

Governments alone may not have the financial or resource capabilities to drive sustainable development through digitalization. To overcome these challenges, governments must leverage the learnings from the pandemic to take bold actions and be willing to partner with the private sector to realize their innovation potential. For example, Breakthrough Energy Ventures, a coalition of private investors, have helped channel financing in partnership with the public sector, including the European Commission and the Government of Canada, toward climate disruptive technologies in electricity, transport, agriculture, and buildings. Through the program, the public sector acts a crucial link to accelerate the development of promising technologies, scale innovation by bringing together investors, private sector and public sector leaders, and formulate smart policies to shape the market and development of climate solutions.

³⁹. http://mission-innovation.net/2020/11/30/european-union-celebrates-mission-innovations-5-year-anniversary-successful-collaboration-remembered-through-5-major-achievements/



27 | The twin transition: a new digital and sustainability framework for the public sector

2

³⁸. https://public.wmo.int/en/media/news/2021-%E2%80%9Cmake-or-break-year%E2%80%9D-climate-action#:~:text=2021%20must%20 be%20the%20year,change%20indicators%20and%20worsening%20impacts.

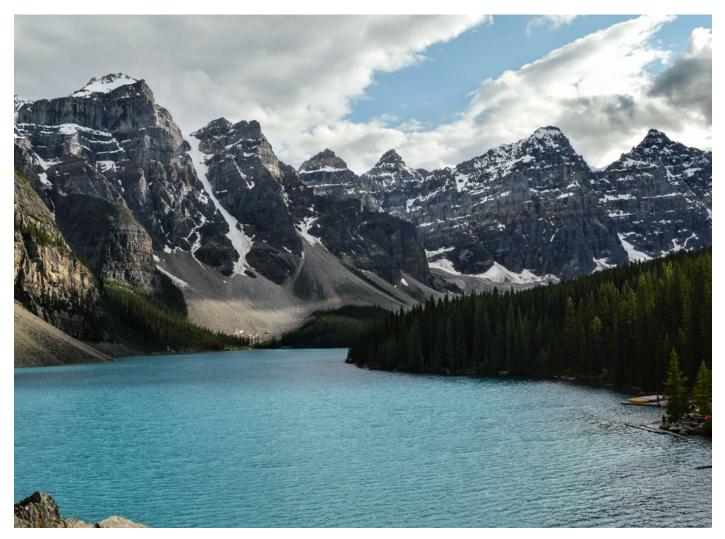
Link socioeconomic ambitions with climate-related goals

In order to reach global climate targets, governments will need to couple environmental goals with socioeconomic considerations. Long-term sustainable growth is only possible when no one is left behind. For example, the programs behind the European Union's Just Transition aim to bring skills training and investment to regions to ensure that decarbonization does not disproportionately impact certain communities over others. Many city governments have started to include equity into their climate change and recovery initiatives. In Boston, city leaders have started to assess the environmental and green jobs impacts for residents form disadvantaged neighborhoods and communities of color.⁴⁰ Other cities have started to create equity and climate indexes to measure and map social and environmental vulnerability.

Integrate skills development with digital solutions

The public sector can quickly scale digital solutions, but success can fall short without developing the requisite skills set within government workforces. Green upskilling and reskilling of public (and private) sector labor force is fundamental to delivering overall sustainability success.

⁴⁰. https://www.greenbiz.com/article/8-cities-share-how-racial-justice-embedded-their-climate-plans



Δ

